PLANNING QUESTIONNAIRE FOR SCHOOLS

Use the questions below to help your school plan for an emergency.

- 1. Does your school have a multi-hazard emergency plan in place?
- 2. Are staff and students **trained** on the procedures?
- 3. How often has your school exercised the plan? Have any changes been made, based on the exercise?
- 4. Does your staff know where your emergency checklists and resource manuals are located?
- 5. Do new hires, volunteers, student teachers and substitutes get training on your emergency plan *before* starting to work?
- 6. Does every school principal know *how long* would it take for local fire, police or EMS to arrive, after dialing 9-1-1?
- 7. Is your staff *trained* to handle emergency tasks until help arrives?
- 8. Is any of the school staff trained to do CPR?
- 9. Does your school have 9-1-1 on speed dial?
- 10. Does your school know *how long* will it take for a principal to obtain personnel or equipment form other facilities?
- 11. In an evacuation, does your school have enough buses to transport **all** of the students to another site?
- 12. Do the local emergency services (police, fire, etc.) have floor plans of all school buildings in their jurisdiction?
- 13. Have your principals invited local police and fire to do a "walk-through" of their schools **yearly?**
- 14. **When** does the school practice fire, evacuation and tornado drills? Is it at the "high traffic" times (i.e., lunchtime, change of class, beginning and end of the school day)?
- 15. Does your school have a student release system established? Is the staff trained to do their tasks?
- 16. Do you have procedures in place if an emergency occurs on a bus?
- 17. Who (besides the principal and janitor) has the keys to the buildings, classrooms, locked fences and gates? What about after school and on the weekends?
- 18. If your school holds children after normal school hours because of a disaster in the community, is the school prepared to keep students for long periods of time? (Do you have enough food, water, medication, etc.)?
- 19. When does the school's responsibility for the students end? Is your school legally responsible for students if they are kept at school?
- 20. Do you have a backup system for your vital records?

EMERGENCY PLAN CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to verify that you have developed everything you need to include in your school's or district's emergency plan.

Check		Does Your Plan Include
	Ar	n Introduction that includes:
	•	A Table of Contents?
	•	An Approval Statement and dated approval signatures of the principal, superintendent, and school board president (as appropriate)?
	•	A Distribution List (including the local Emergency Manager and all first-response agencies)?
	•	A Schedule of Page Changes?
	•	A statement of the purpose of the emergency operations plan?
	•	The size and location of your facility in acres and the number, general size, and use of each building on the site?
	•	The number of students and employees normally on hand and any scheduled daily differences in population?
	•	A description of who is in charge for emergency operations?
	•	The location and function of your primary and alternate on-site Command Posts, including layout, staffing, displays, etc?
	•	Persons, by title, who will be notified in an emergency?
	•	How logistical support will be provided for the emergency response, including provision for food, water, emergency lighting, fuel, etc?
	•	Actions planned to protect essential personnel, equipment, and resources during emergencies?
	•	The actions that will be taken to assure that all employees and students understand the warning signals and know what to do in an emergency?
	•	How emergency information will be disseminated for the disabled, including those who are visually or hearing impaired or non-English speaking?
	•	Individual(s) who will serve as the school's or district's point of contact with the media during an emergency and procedures for authenticating information?
		The individual, by title, who is responsible for directing the emergency response?
	•	The individuals by title who are responsible for maintaining recall rosters for all emergency functions?

	•	The individual, by title, who is responsible for safeguarding essential records?
Check		Does Your Plan Include
	•	The individual(s), by title, who is/are responsible for preparation and distribution of employee and student emergency guidance material?
	•	The individual, by title, who is responsible for briefing new employees on the emergency plan and the roles to which they are assigned?
	•	The individual(s), by title, who is/are responsible for developing scheduling and presenting training in safety measures to all students and employees?
	•	The individual, by title, who is responsible for the logistical preparations and support detailed under Administration and Logistics?
	•	A three-deep line of succession for the principal (and/or superintendent) to ensure continuous leadership?
	•	A description of how resources and information are requested and passed through the chain of command to higher levels of the school district?
	•	Descriptions of what records are considered essential and how they are protected and preserved?
	•	The individual(s), by title, who is/are responsible for records, reports, and expenditures during an emergency?
	•	Lists of agreements with voluntary organizations, government agencies, and private organizations that will assist the school district during an emergency?
	•	A resource inventory of emergency items available, including lighting, first aid and medical supplies, firefighting equipment, and other basic emergency response support equipment?
	•	Additional resource requirements for personnel, equipment, and supplies and the source(s) and method for obtaining them?
	•	Provision for annual review of the emergency plan (conducted jointly with the local emergency management staffs)?
	•	Provision for updating the plan based on deficiencies identified through drills, exercises, and actual emergencies?
	•	A map of the area showing items that may have an impact on the school, including major highways, railways, airports, power transmission lines and generating stations, industrial complexes, bulk oil and gas storage, pipe lines, etc.?
	•	A plot plan of the facility and floor plan(s) of the building(s), showing the location(s) of heat plants, boilers, generators, flammable liquid storage, other hazardous materials storage, firefighting equipment locations, first aid facilities, etc.?
	•	Call-up lists with the names, titles, telephone numbers, and organizational responsibilities of all involved in emergency operations?
	•	Checklists that detail specific tasks to be accomplished in an emergency?

■ Responsibility matrices?

RESPONSE SUPPLIES CHECKLIST

This checklist is a comprehensive list of items that schools may need to respond to an emergency. Your school will not need all of these response supplies for every emergency but should plan on stocking (or being able to obtain) these supplies in the case of a catastrophic disaster. Your emergency planning team should select the required equipment based on your hazard analysis and tailor this list to meet the needs of your school. Use the checklist as a guide to developing and maintaining your supply inventory.

Note: Your school may not need all items on this checklist—or it may need other items that are not shown here. Review the list carefully to determine the supplies that your school needs.

0	Cla	Classroom "Go Kit"					
		Bright-colored bucket with lid. The bucket should be stenciled with the classroom number for visual identification.					
		First aid kit.					
		A hat, vest, or other unique identifier for the teacher (and aide).					
		A whistle.					
		Student accounting paperwork for student accountability (student disaster cards, buddy class list, etc.).					
		Tarp or ground cover.					
		Age-appropriate time passers (cards, crayons, etc.).					
0		Storage Container (Keep this container outside if your school is at high risk for earthquakes.)					
		Medical equipment.					
		Food and water. (Remember dietary needs for special populations.)					
		Sanitary supplies:					
		☐ Toilet paper.					
		☐ Chemicals (if required).					
		☐ Plastic sheeting for privacy.					
		☐ Disinfectant spray.					
		Note: Consult with the local sanitation district regarding plans for post-event disposal of human waste.					
		Spare batteries.					
		Blankets.					
		Search and rescue backpacks with medical supplies.					
0	Οu	utdoor Storage Container (Continued)					
		Search and rescue bucket that contains:					

			Flashlights.
			Crowbar.
			Masking tape.
			Large chalk.
			A door restraint.
			A lanyard with snap hook.
		□ \	Whistle.
			Keys.
			Portable radio.
			Pen and clipboard (for logging of victim locations and status).
			Site map.
		A loc	ckbox with master key sets (enough to guarantee access) on lanyard.
		A bu	llhorn.
		Reso	cue tools:
			Shovels
			Pry bars
			Sledgehammers (10 lb.)
			Pick axes (6 lb.)
			Backboards
0	Wa	iter B	Barrels
0	Wa	iter D	Dispensing System, consisting of:
		5-ga	llon barrel(s) with spigot in lid.
		Disp	osable paper cups.
0	Stı	udent	t Request Table:
		Sign	s to notify parents.
		Requ	uest cards, pencils, and pens.
		File	box containing each student's emergency card and alpha dividers.
		Stap	lers.
		2-wa	ay radios.
		Vest	s for staff and student runners.
0	Fir	e Ext	inguishers (A, B, C, D)

SUGGESTED SPECIFICATIONS FOR WATER STORAGE CONTAINERS

This checklist includes specifications for water storage containers. Use the checklist as a guide to planning the type and numbers of storage containers needed at your school.

>	Quantity Considerations:			
			per of students and staff requiring water. (Allow 1-2 gallons per person per or drinking and 1-2 gallons per person per day for sanitation needs.)	
	Uses (i.e., drinking only, cooking and drinking, or drinking, cooking, a sanitation).			
		Lengt	h of time predicted to release all students and staff.	
>	Co	Container Size Considerations:		
	□ Stacking.			
		☐ Storage space.		
	☐ Transport requirements. <i>▼</i> Tips!			
		1.	Consider having the local water authority perform random checks of the drinking water to ensure potability.	
		2.	If containers must be stacked, consider improving stability by placing a masonite or plywood sheet between each layer of containers.	

place with removable wing nuts.

If toppling is a potential problem (such as in an area that is high-risk for earthquakes), consider restraining the containers with 2 x 8 boards, held in

RECOMMENDED EMERGENCY SUPPLIES

First Aid:

- 4 x 4" compress: 1000 per 500 students
- 8 x 10" compress: 150 per 500 students
- Kerlix bandaging: 1 per student
- Ace wrap: 2-inch: 12 per campus
 4-inch: 12 per campus
- Triangular bandage: 24 per campus
- Cardboard splints: 24 each of sm, med, lg.
- Steri-strips or butterfly bandages: 50 per campus
- Aqua-Blox (water) cases (for flushing wounds, etc.): 0.016 x students + staff = # cases
- Neosporin: 144 squeeze packs per campus
- Hydrogen peroxide: 10 pints per campus
- Bleach, 1 small bottle

- Plastic basket or wire basket stretchers or backboards: 1.5 per 100 students
- Scissors, paramedic: 4 per campus
- Tweezers: 3 assorted per campus
- Triage tags: 50 per 500 students
- Latex gloves: 100 per 500 students
- Oval eye patch: 50 per campus
- Tapes: 1" cloth: 50 rolls per campus2" cloth: 24 per campus
- Dust masks: 25 per 100 students
- Disposable blanket: 10 per 100 students
- First aid books: 2 standard and 2 advanced per campus
- Space blankets: 1 per student and staff
- Heavy duty rubber gloves, 4 pairs

Sanitation Supplies:

- 1 toilet kit per 100 students/staff, to include: 1 portable toilet, privacy shelter, 20 rolls toilet paper, 300 wet wipes, 300 plastic bags with ties, 10 large plastic trash bags. (Note: Toilet kits will not be necessary for most emergencies. Consult your hazard and risk analyses when determining need.)
- Soap and water, in addition to the wet wipes, is strongly advised.

Search and Rescue Equipment:

Adjust the number of S&R teams according to the size and complexity of the campus. Teams must consist of a minimum of two persons.

Protective gear per team member:

- Hard hat, OSHA approved
- Identification vest
- Gloves, leather work and latex
- Goggles, safety
- Dust mask
- Flashlight, extra batteries (Attach flashlight to hard hat)
- Duffle or tote bag to carry equipment

Tools, per campus:

- 2 pry bars 5'-6'
- Pick ax, 6 lb.
- Sledgehammer, 10 lb.
- Square shovel
- Round shovel
- Utility shut off wrench, 1 per utility
- 3 rolls barrier tape 3" x 1000"
- Broom, street grade
- Pliers, adjustable, 10"
- Pliers, lineman, 8"
- Pry bar, 24"
- Hacksaw, mini folding
- Bolt cutters, 18"
- Hammer, 3 lb.
- Tape, duct
- Plastic bags 6

Gear per S&R team:

- Back pack with first aid supplies
- Master keys

- Folding shovel
- Angle head flashlight
- Screwdriver, 6"
- Screwdriver, Phillips, 4"
- Utility knife
- Container to hold tools
- Cribbing (if trained):
 - 18 2"x4"s
 - ◆ 15 4"x4"s
 - ♦ 6 wedges

Other Supplies:

- 3' x 6' folding tables, 3-4
- Chairs, 12-16
- Identification vests, preferably color coded per school plan
- Clipboards with job descriptions
- Extra clipboards

- Office supplies: pens, paper, etc.
- Signs for Student Request and Release
- Alphabetical dividers for Request Gate
- Copies of all necessary forms
- Cable to connect car battery for emergency power

Food:

The bulk of stored food should be nonperishable and not need refrigeration or heating after opening. Food is generally considered a low priority item, except for those with diabetes and certain other specific medical conditions. One method used by schools is to purchase food at the beginning of the school year and donate it to charity at the end of the year. A supply of granola bars, power bars, or similar food which is easy to distribute, may be helpful. Some schools store hard candy, primarily for its comfort value. The recommended amount is 3 days' supply for each student and staff member.

Storage:

All storage containers for supplies must be organized, bug-free, water tight, secure from vandals, and, if possible, kept cool. Ventilators on the roofs of storage containers allow vandals access. Some schools have purchased used refrigerated cargo containers or sprayed insulation inside the container. Containers should be located on a paved, level surface, away from hazards, preferably in a shaded area. It is highly recommended that shelves be installed to hold and organize the supplies. Secure all supplies from damage during ground shaking. Local fire departments should have keys to the storage container for access to supplies in the event of any local emergency with an agreement to replace the supplies within 72 hours.

Shelter in Place Kit per room:

- Duct tape, 2 rolls
- Scissors
- Towels
- Water in containers

- Toilet supplies
- Portable radio, batteries
- Flashlight

Insert your
Site Emergency Supplies
Inventory Here